



NR @ Penn State

# Using the Apples with Apples tests to study the AA system

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# Thanks

**Bernd Bruegmann**  
**Wolfgang Tichy**  
**Aleksander Aleseenko**  
NR group at Penn State

# Overview

- Introduction
- The BAM code
- The AA system
- Implementation: Automatic code generation
- The robust stability test
- The gauge wave test
- The linear wave test
- Interpretations
- The crash test
- Conclusions
- Topics for discussion

# Introduction

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- We want to achieve long term evolution of binary black holes
- We need to do a numerical implementation to explore if a system actually works.
- The authors of the AA paper were interested in seeing the numerical behavior of their system.

# The BAM code

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- bam is supposed to be:
  - simple
  - light-weight, with just the basics that are needed to get the job done
  - a code that allows 2 to 10 people to collaborate
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  - not a general purpose code or library like Cactus, PetSC, VTK, FTT, ...

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  - a code that allows 2 to 10 people to collaborate
  - not a community code
  - not a general purpose code or library like Cactus, PetSC, VTK, FTT, ...
- **Your attitude is supposed to be: I am happy if something works at all, and if not, I'll fix or add it :-)**

# The AA system

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*Variables are:*

- The 3-metric  $g_{ij}$ , 6 variables
- The extrinsic curvature tensor  $K_{ij}$ , 6 variables
- 8 additional variables  $f_{ijk}$ , antisymmetric in  $i, j$  and given by:

$$f_{ijk} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (g_{ik,j} - g_{jk,i} + g_{lj,m}g_{ik}g^{lm} - g_{lm,j}g_{ik}g^{lm} - g_{li,m}g_{jk}g^{lm} + g_{lm,i}g_{jk}g^{lm})$$

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- Paper gives all terms in equations, not just principal part.
- Good collaboration with authors.

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- All tensor equations can be input in MathTensor format, and the Mathematica script expands out all terms, writes equations on components for, optimizes the expressions and writes c-code.
- You need to tell the script how to access variables and do finite differences, but this needs to be done once pr. computational environment.

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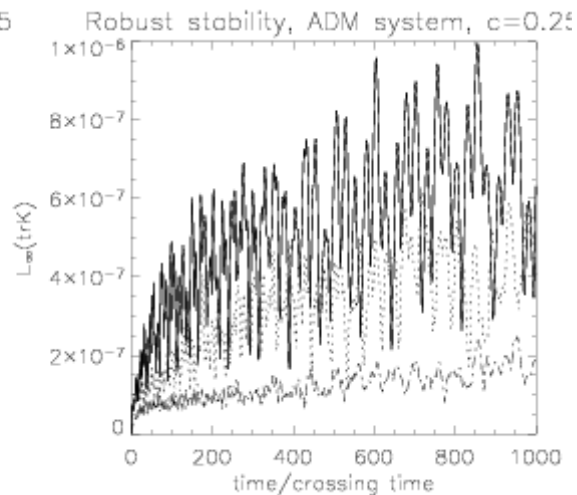
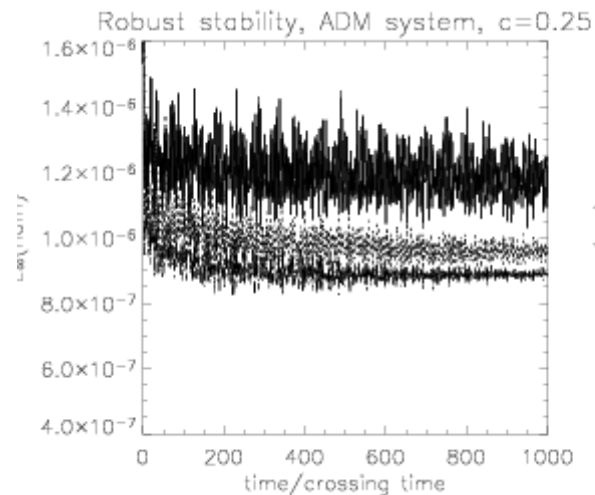
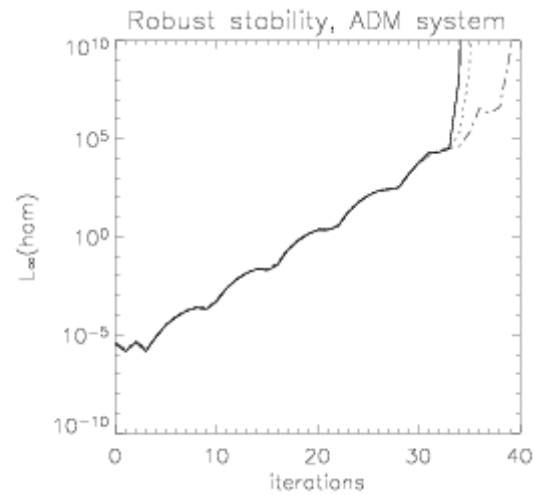
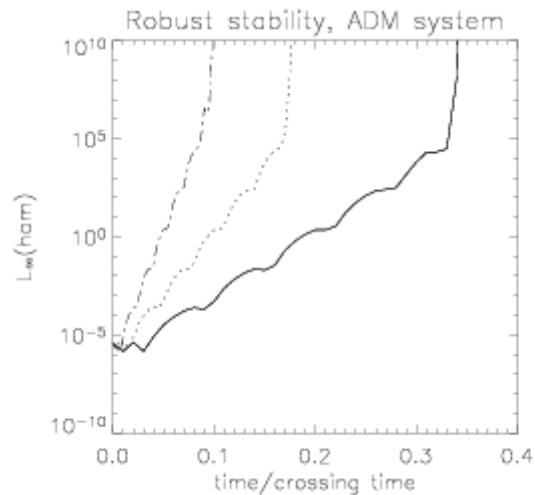
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  - Analytical expressions for all components of  $f_{ijk}$ .
  - Analytical expressions for all right hand sides.
- *We can compare the analytical expressions to the numerical results, to check for bugs, or estimate errors introduced by finite differencing. We have done this for Schwarzschild black holes in different coordinates.*

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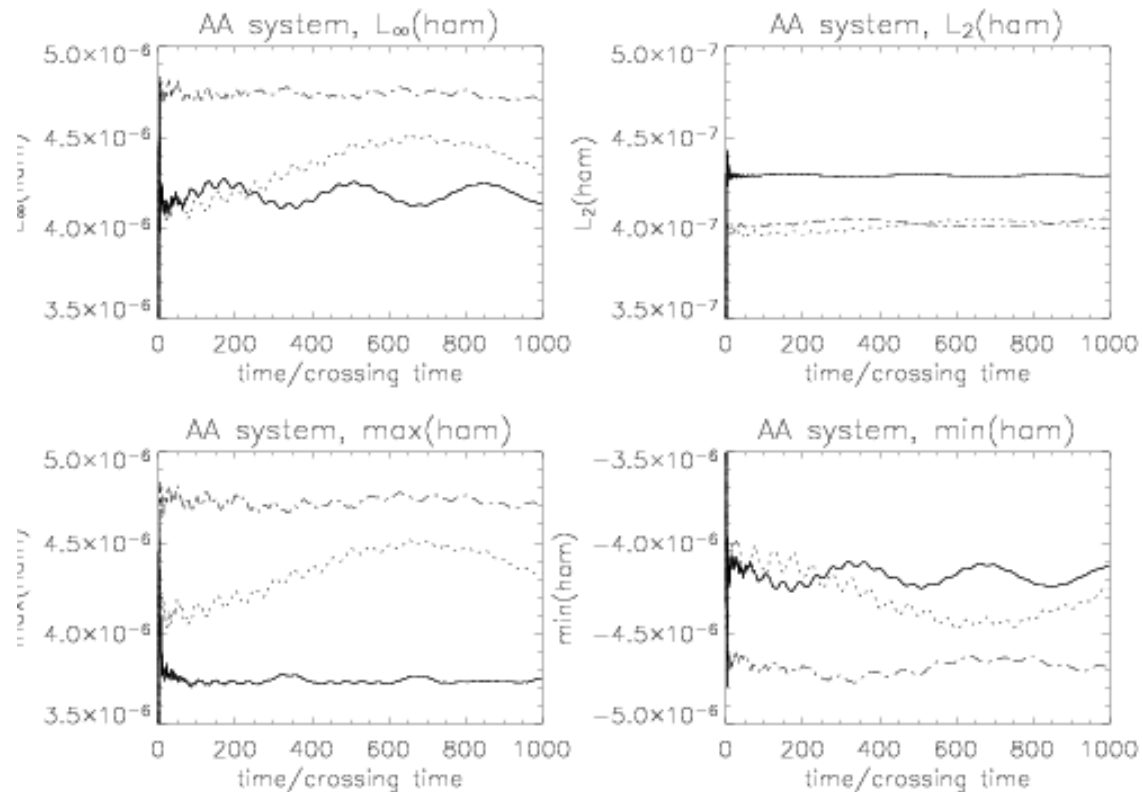


# The Robust stability test, AA

- First we ran the test to 1000 crossing times:

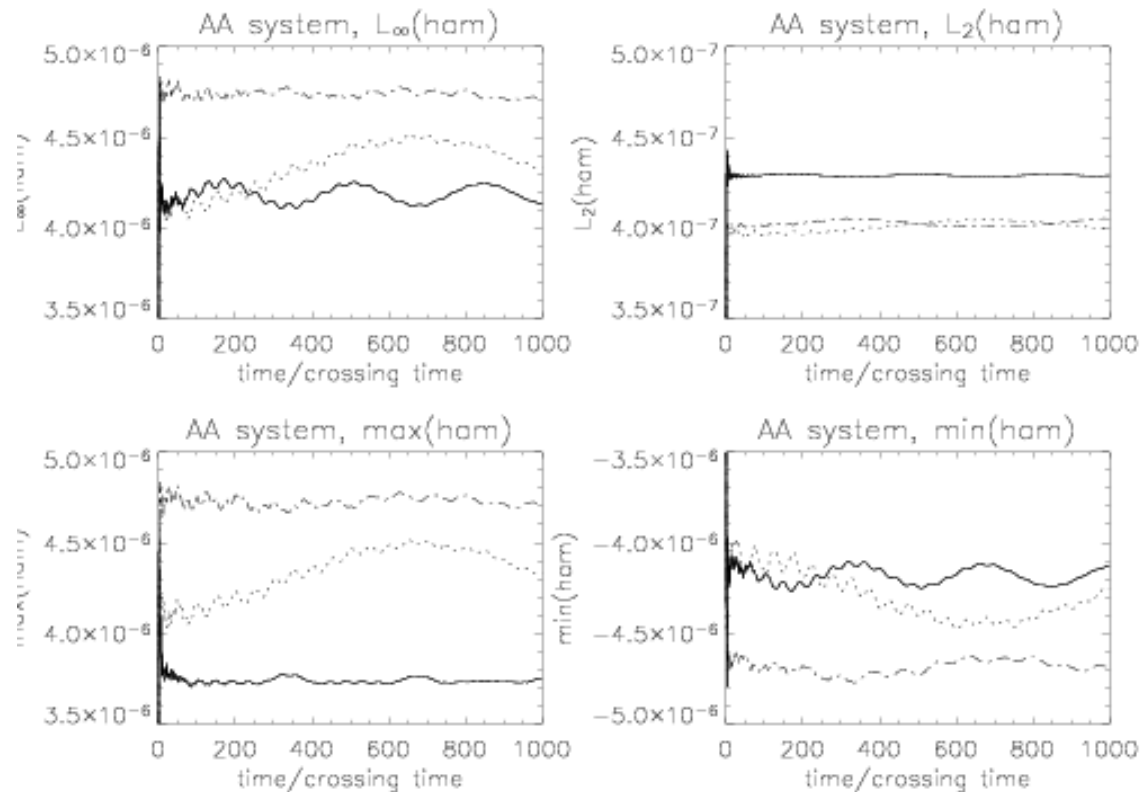
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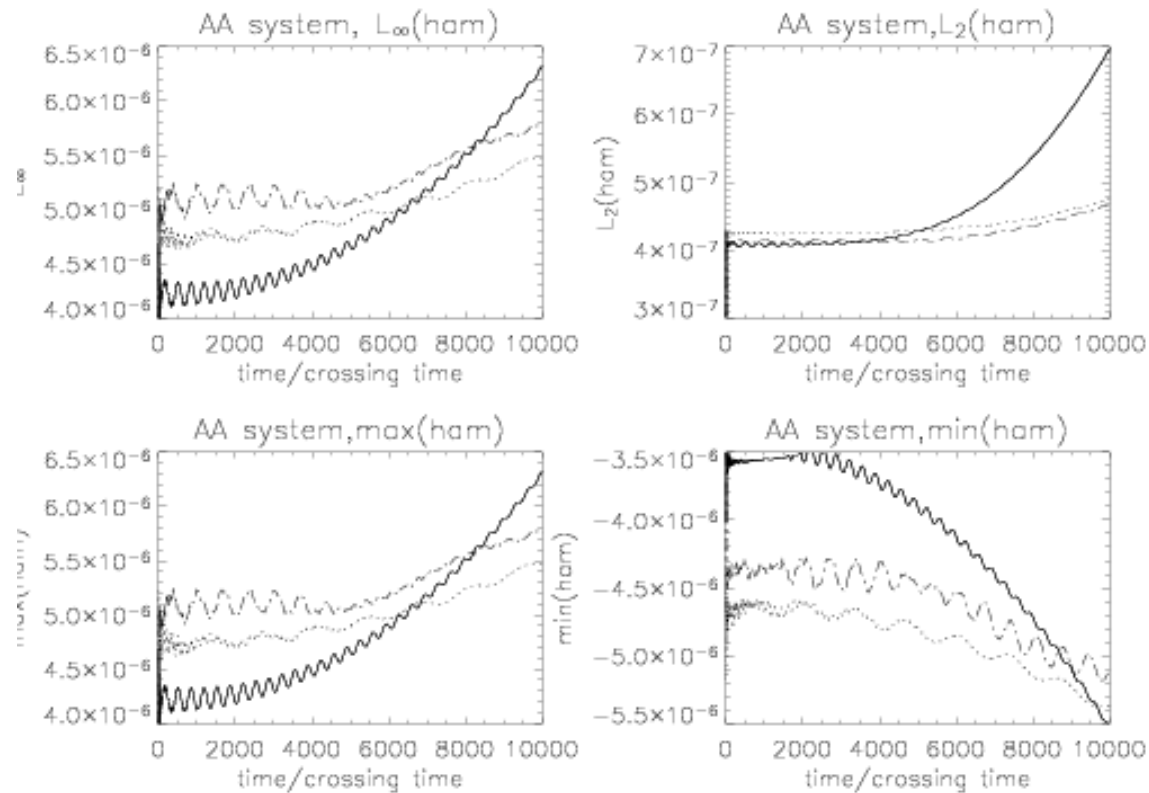
- Not clear if this system passes the test or not

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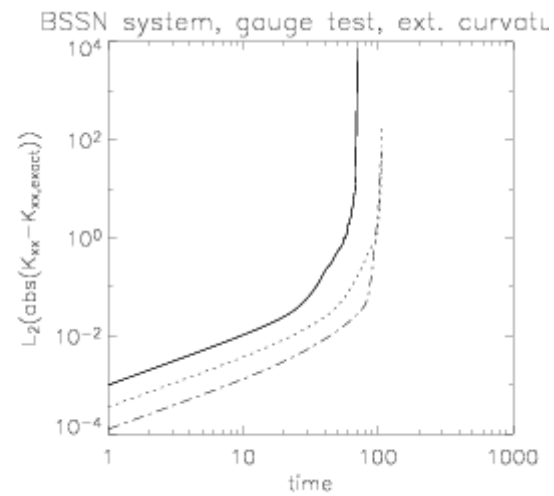
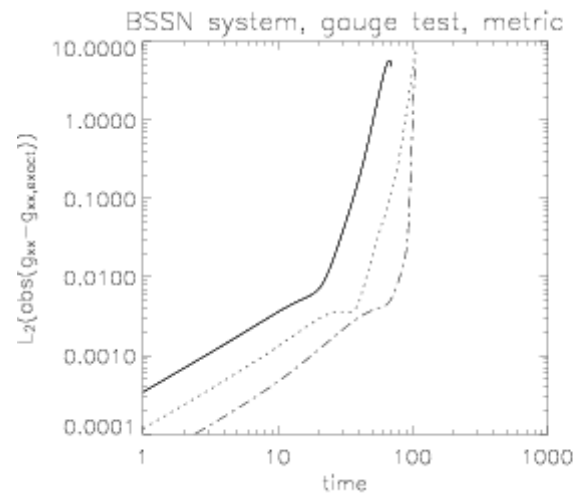


# The gauge wave test, BSSN

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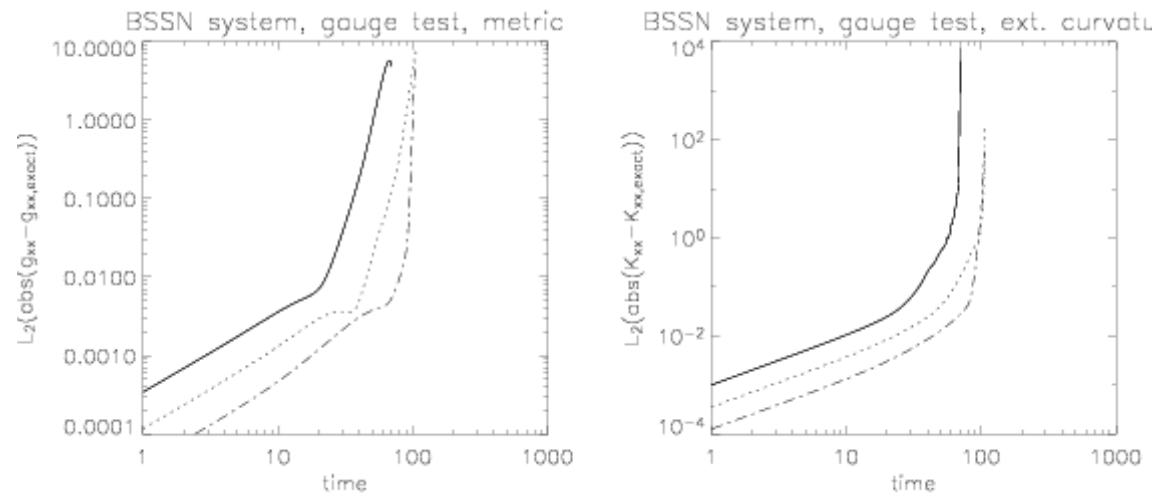
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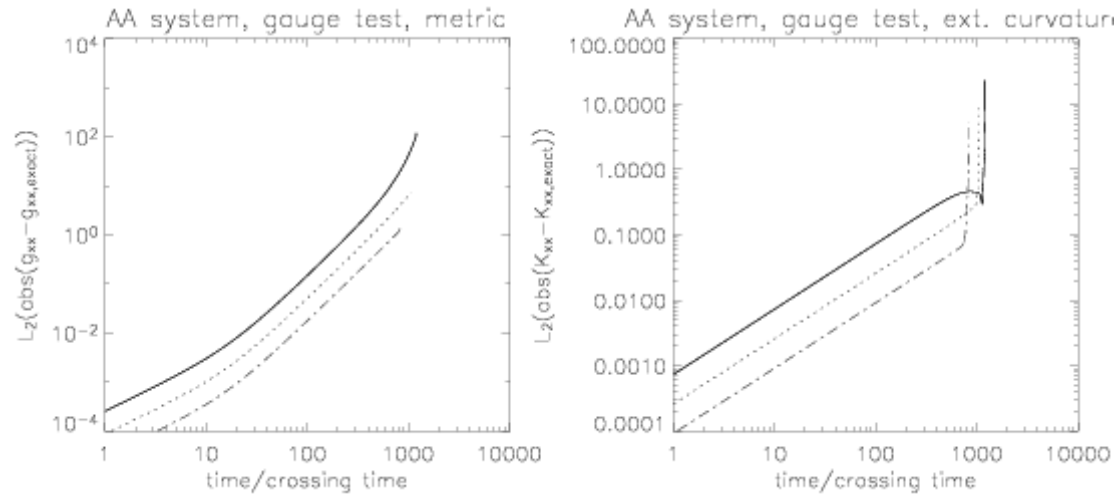
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- BSSN is unstable, same result as Maya code and Cactus, crashes at the same time.

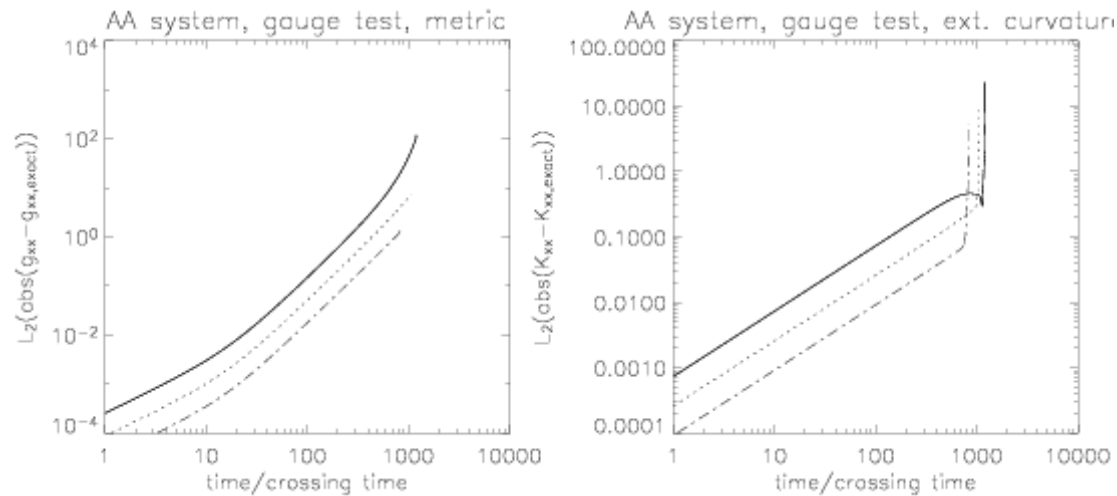
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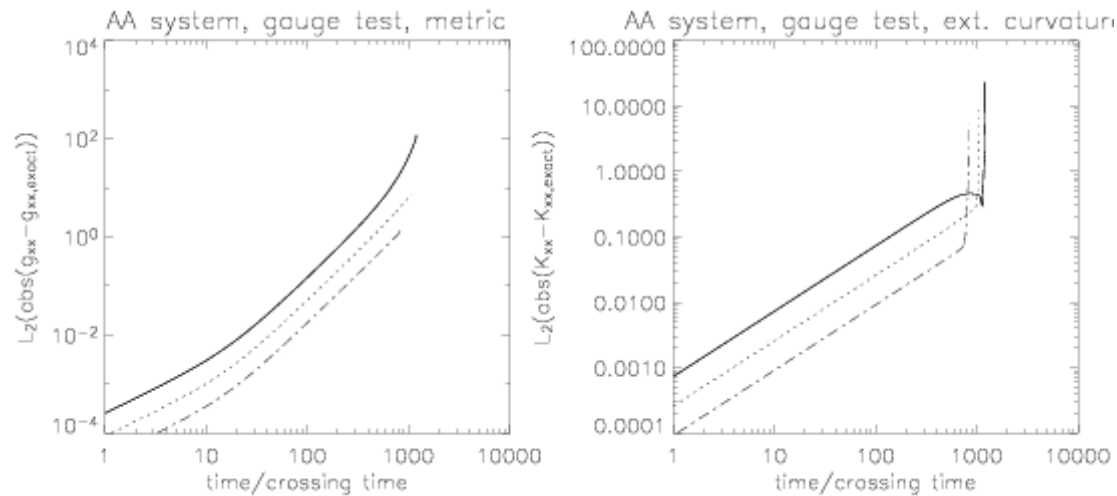
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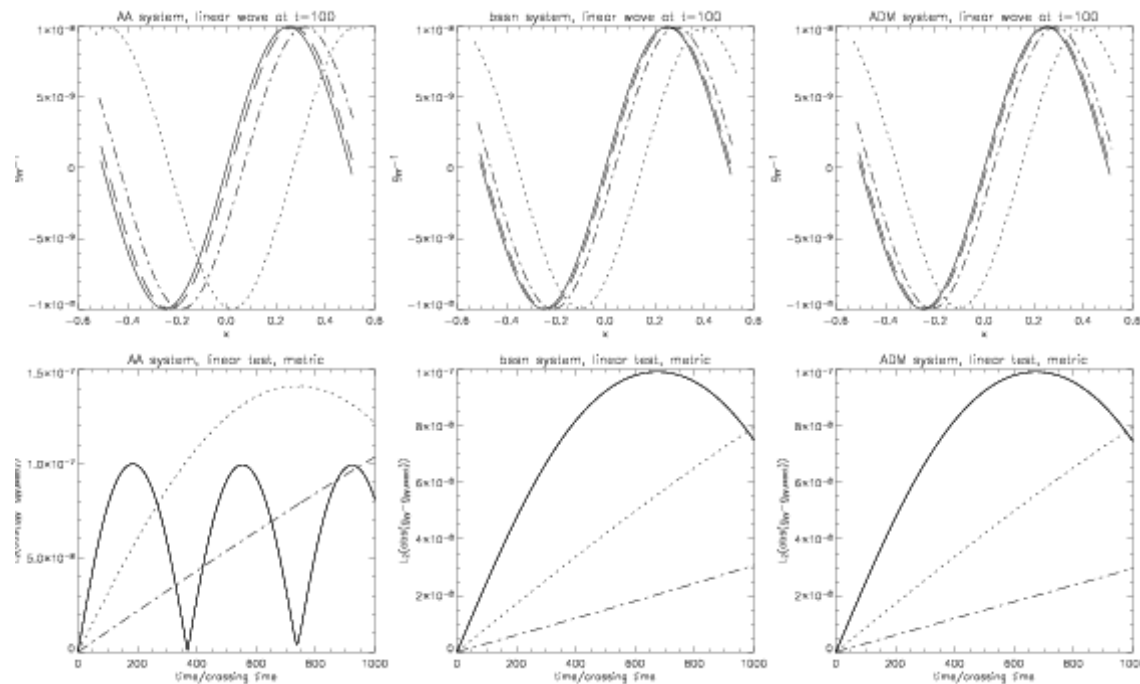
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- In this case, ADM is trivial, because errors cancel.

# The linear wave test

- AA, BSSN and ADM linear wave test

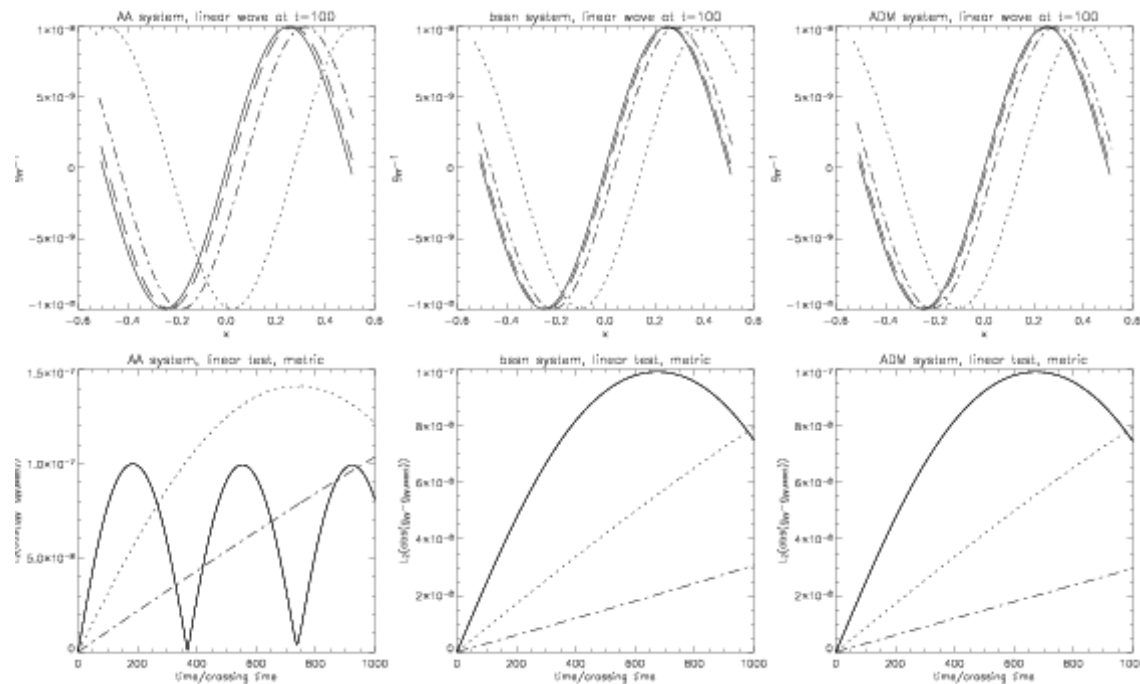
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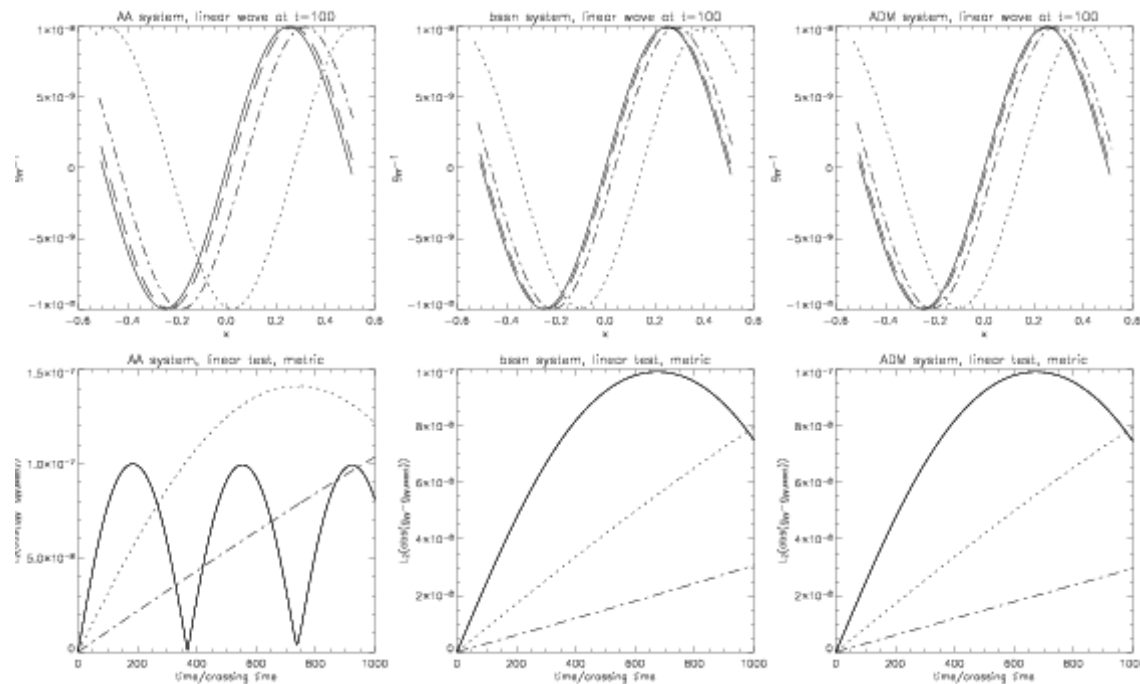
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- Amplitude is not affected in either system

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- *My opinion: these tests are not enough to draw clear conclusions about this systems ability to evolve black holes.*

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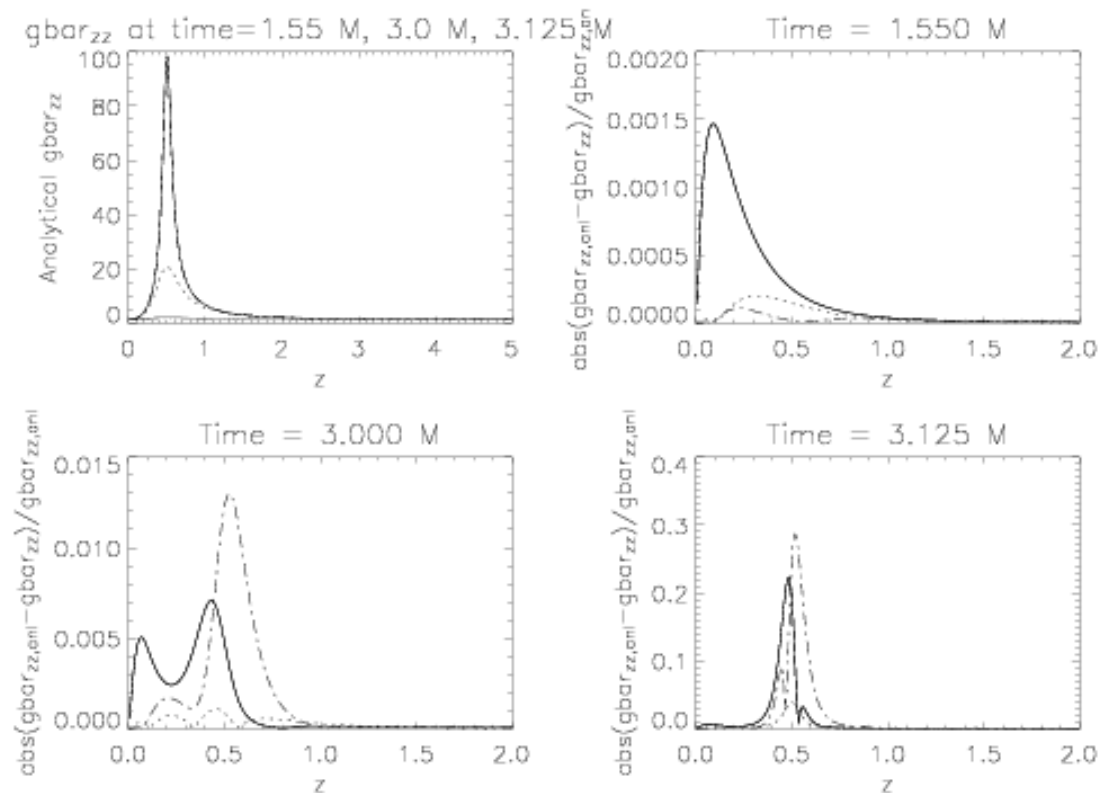
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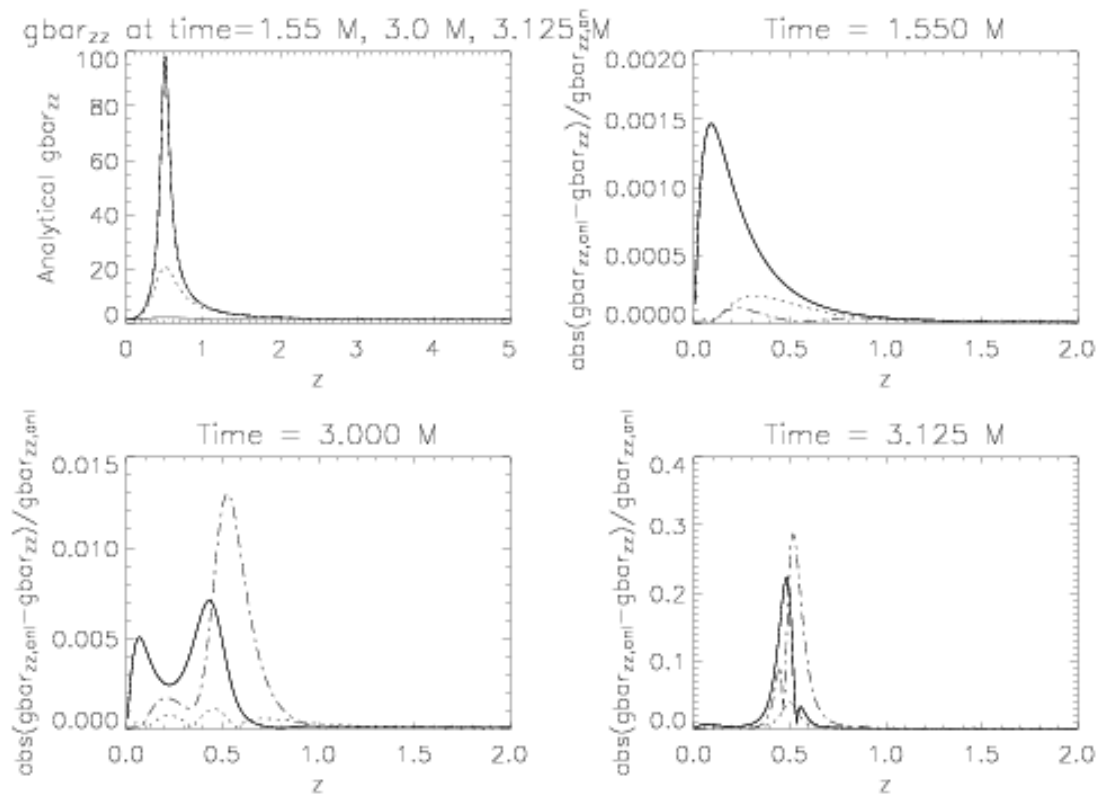
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- The code should crash a time =  $M\pi$ . Every evolution system should pass this test!

# Conclusions

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- The first Apples with Apples tests are good for comparing codes using the same or similar system (like BSSN).
- The tests, as they are now, are not sufficient to dismiss a system, specifically, we cannot state if the AA system has a future in numerical relativity computations.

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- *Evolution schemes (ICN, RK, dissipation)??*
- *Should boundary conditions be a part of the system?? How do we test the full package (system, scheme, boundary conditions)??*